COWLEY INTERNATIONAL COLLEGE



PUPIL PREMIUM STRATEGY

| Status | STATUTORY |
|----------------------------------|----------------------|
| Responsible Governors' Committee | Quality of Education |
| Responsible Person | Vice Principal |
| Review Date | Autumn 2023 |
| Date of next review | Autumn 2024 |

Pupil premium strategy statement

This statement details our school's use of pupil premium (and recovery premium for the 2021 to 2022 academic year) funding to help improve the attainment of our disadvantaged pupils.

It outlines our pupil premium strategy, how we intend to spend the funding in this academic year and the effect that last year's spending of pupil premium had within our school.

School overview

| Detail | Data |
|---|------------------------------|
| School name | Cowley International College |
| Number of pupils in school | 1262 |
| Proportion (%) of pupil premium eligible pupils | 40.1% |
| Academic year/years that our current pupil premium strategy | 2022/23 - 2024/25 |
| plan covers | |
| Date this statement was published | |
| Date on which it will be reviewed | 1 st July 2024 |
| Statement authorised by | R Cormack |
| Pupil premium lead | C Dickinson |
| Governor / Trustee lead | G Anders |

Funding overview

| Detail | Amount |
|--|----------|
| Pupil premium funding allocation this academic year | £495,350 |
| Recovery premium funding allocation this academic year | £130,272 |
| Pupil premium funding carried forward from previous years (enter £0 if not applicable) | £0 |
| Total budget for this academic year | £625,622 |
| If your school is an academy in a trust that pools this funding, state | |
| the amount available to your school this academic year | |

Part A: Pupil premium strategy plan

Statement of intent

Our intention is that all Cowley students, irrespective of the background or the challenges they face, have the highest academic aspiration, attend College with outstanding attendance, make excellent progress and achieve high attainment across a broad curriculum. It is also our intention that all students are involved in a range of extra-curricular and super-curricular activities and access the incredible offer of enrichment opportunities available.

The focus of our pupil premium strategy is to support disadvantaged pupils to achieve these goals and have aspiration to further their opportunities and career options. We will consider the challenges faced by vulnerable pupils, such as those who are looked after, have a social worker or early help support, and those with caring responsibilities.

The activities we have outlined in this statement will support students, regardless of whether they are disadvantaged or not. Quality first teaching is at the heart of our approach, with a focus on areas in which disadvantaged pupils require the most support. This is proven to have the greatest impact on closing the disadvantage attainment gap and at the same time will benefit all students. The strategy is part of the wider College plan for education recovery, targeting support through the National Tutoring Programme and additional lessons and classes after College, and during school holidays.

There is also a focus on supporting strong routines and additional support for those students and families struggling with high-levels of attendance and punctuality, and those with challenges in self-regulation.

Challenges

This details the key challenges to achievement that we have identified among our disadvantaged pupils.

| Challenge | Detail of challenge |
|-----------|--|
| number | |
| 1 | Our assessments show that the reading and comprehension of disadvantaged |
| | students is lower than that of their peers, and have been impacted to a greater extent |
| | by the recent partial school closures. Our observations support the findings of |
| | discussions with students and families; which indicate that our disadvantaged |
| | students are less likely to engage with reading outside of the classroom, with fewer |
| | children have regular access to reading materials outside of the classroom. |
| 2 | The attainment and progress of disadvantaged students in Core and EBacc subjects is |
| | generally lower than that of their peers at the end of Year 11. |
| | KS2 tests and CAT tests completed in Year 6 shows that the attainment gap of Year 7 |
| | students on entry to Cowley has widened significantly this year, emphasising the |
| | importance of early intervention across the College. |
| 3 | The 2021/22 and 2022/23 attendance data shows that the attendance of |
| | disadvantaged students in general terms is 10% lower than that of their peers with a |
| | higher proportion of disadvantaged students identified as persistently, or severely |
| | absent from College. Our assessment of student performance demonstrates that |
| | absenteeism has a significant negative impact on the progress of disadvantaged |
| | students. |
| | 50% of disadvantaged students are persistently absent, compared to 24% of their |
| | peers. |
| 4 | Our data suggests that some disadvantaged students have found greater challenges |
| | returning to strong routines, and good self-regulation of their choices. In general |

| | terms, in the 2021/22 academic year, a disadvantaged student is twice as likely to be late to College, twice as likely to choose a detention, and 4 times as likely to choose suspension. |
|---|---|
| 5 | Our observations and assessments indicate that the quality and quantity of |
| | preparation for external examinations is lower for disadvantaged students than their |
| | peers. The 2021/22 end of KS4 progress gap is 0.92. |
| 6 | The College supports children in wider capacities above the typical national and local |
| | averages. The College coordinates the early help support for a significant number of |
| | students and families in the community, and contributes alongside the Council's |
| | Children and Young Persons Service to the wider family support for children in need, |
| | children who care for their relatives, and children who are looked after. |

Intended outcomes

This explains the outcomes we are aiming for **by the end of our current strategy plan**, and how we will measure whether they have been achieved.

| Intended outcome | Success criteria |
|--|---|
| Improve attainment and progress of disadvantaged students across the curriculum at the end of KS4 with an increase in disadvantaged students entering the English Baccalaureate. | By the end of our current plan in 2024/25, 45% or more of disadvantaged students enter the English Baccalaureate (EBacc). 2024/25 KS4 outcomes demonstrate that disadvantaged students achieve: • an average Attainment 8 score of 45 • an EBacc average point score of 3.5 |
| Improve reading and comprehension of disadvantaged students | By the end of the current plan, the percentage of disadvantaged students reading below their chronological age should be below the national average 25%. |
| Improve attendance for all, particularly disadvantaged students | By the end of the current plan, we aim for sustained high attendance to be demonstrated by: improving the attendance of disadvantaged students generally to 90% reducing the proportion of disadvantaged students persistently absent to 25% reducing the proportion of disadvantaged students severely absent to 5% |
| Improve self-regulation of disadvantaged students | By the end of the current plan, the suspension rate for DA students will be at, or below, the national average for all students. |
| Increase in participation rates of disadvantaged students in a wide range of extracurricular and enrichment activities. | In year 2 we expect to increase the percentage of disadvantaged students participating in at least 1 enrichment activity to 75%, rising to 80% in 2024-25. |

Activity in this academic year

This details how we intend to spend our pupil premium (and recovery premium funding) **this academic year** to address the challenges listed above.

Teaching

Budgeted cost: £286,639

| Activity | Evidence that supports this approach | Challenge number(s) addressed |
|--|--|-------------------------------------|
| Subscription of standardised diagnostic assessment tools to adequately assess reading age of students. | Standardised tests can provide reliable insights into the specific strengths and weaknesses of each student, and enables teachers to have a clear understanding of this so that they can choose the most effective activities and interventions to improve reading. | 1,2,5 |
| Whole school CPD to focus on explicit reading and vocabulary | EEF findings show that reading comprehension strategies are high impact on average, for relatively low implementation cost: | |
| instruction in all disciplines. Recruitment and retention of trained KS2 teachers. | KS2 teachers highly trained in phonics and reading instruction will be able to effectively support students working at reading ages below secondary-level https://educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk/educationevidence/guidance-reports/literacy-ks3-ks4 | |
| Retrieval opportunities developed (CPD to upskill staff in effective retrieval activities) | Retrieval practice is an effective technique because it requires students to recall previously learnt knowledge, which creates stronger memory traces and increases the likelihood that the information will be transferred to the long-term memory. EEF research shows well planned retrieval practice has the potential to considerably accelerate student achievement at a low cost. | 2,5 |
| Develop whole- College feedback policy | EEF research shows that effective use of feedback has the potential to accelerate student achievement (0.66 months) at a low cost. | 2,5 |
| Develop teachers' 'strong starts' and Core Classroom Habits to all lessons through continued, targeted CPD sessions. | EEF research suggests that effective classroom management can reduce challenging behaviour, pupil disengagement, bullying and aggression. Improving classroom management usually involves intensive training with teachers reflecting on their classroom management, trying a new approach and reviewing their progress over time. Strong starts also reduce cognitive overload and free up working memory, ensuring strong schema is developed. This will in turn make good academic outcomes more likely. https://educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk/educationevidence/teaching-learning-toolkit/metacognition-and-self-regulation | 2,4, 5 |
| Implement a TLC CPD programme for teaching staff | Evidence shows Rosenshine's principles are very effective at engaging all learners and improving outcomes | 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 |

| Provide teaching staff with additional time in the school week to deliver interventions to target students | Our internal assessments indicate that intervention carried out with students' own teachers is far more effective than a separate teacher or external agency | 1, 2, 4, 5, 6 |
|--|---|---------------------|
| Reading CPD | Explicit reading instruction CPD opportunities will continue to be developed and interwoven into curriculum plans in all subject areas. | 1, 2, 5 |
| Provide revision guides to all students at KS4 in GCSE subjects | Student and teaching staff voice tells us that students using the same revision guide helps support wider self-study. This helps directly disadvantaged students have the same access to high quality revision guides, and revision activities. | 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 |
| Purchase subscription to GCSE Pod | Student and parent voice tells us that GCSE pod is a very useful revision and self-study tool. Online tracking offered by the software enables teachers to direct intervention directly to students who are not using GCSE pod regularly | 2, 5 |
| The Senior Leadership Team will visit schools performing well in the challenges identified | Visiting schools in similar contexts who are exceeding national trends in attendance of disadvantaged students will provide practical, and proven strategies which can be applied to improve attendance. | 4, 5, 6 |
| Develop Sarah Cowley Cowley Curriculum | Evidence shows reducing gaps in curriculum supports reintegration into 11-16 lessons. | 1, 2, 3 ,4, 5, 6 |

Targeted academic support

Budgeted cost: £98,149

| Activity | Evidence that supports this approach | Challenge number(s) addressed |
|--|---|-------------------------------------|
| Purchase reading decoding and comprehension intervention packages. Train a wide team of staff to use intervention effectively. | EEF findings show that effective diagnosis of reading difficulties is important in identifying possible solutions, particularly for older struggling readers. | 1,2,5 |

| Purchase of a | Research studies have demonstrated that small group tuition | |
|----------------------|---|--------------|
| specific Reading | and LSA led interventions have a moderate impact for a | |
| Intervention | moderate costs. | |
| Programme | https://educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk/education- | |
| 'Thinking Reading' | evidence/teaching-learning-toolkit/teaching-assistant- | |
| and the | interventions | |
| recruitment and | | |
| training of LSAs to | Other findings show that tuition targeted at specific needs and | |
| support effective | knowledge gaps can be an effective method to support low | |
| delivery of the | attaining pupils or those falling behind | |
| intervention | https://educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk/education- | |
| strategies. | evidence/teaching-learning-toolkit/one-to-one-tuition | |
| Purchase of a | | |
| specific | | |
| comprehension | | |
| intervention | | |
| programme 'Rapid | | |
| Plus' and the | | |
| appropriate training | | |
| to support effective | | |
| implementation | | |
| and delivery. | | |
| , | | |
| Phonics training for | EEF findings show that explicit teaching of phonics has high | |
| LSAs delivery | impact for level cost | |
| bespoke reading | https://educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk/education- | |
| intervention. | evidence/teaching-learning-toolkit/phonics | |
| | | |
| Purchase and | | |
| publication of a | | |
| termly | | |
| 'recommended | | |
| reads magazine' to | | |
| encourage and | | |
| engage all students. | | |
| Reduce class sizes | Using the principles of small group tuition, students benefit | 1, 2 |
| for DA students in | from more personalised curriculum plans addressing key gaps | - , - |
| KS4 English and | in their knowledge. Feedback and intervention can be tailored | |
| maths lessons. | more precisely to student's needs. | |
| Timetable 5 | Evidence shows that regular intervention supports retrieval | 1, 2, 5 |
| additional 'Progress | and recall of knowledge, which supports students in their | -, -, - |
| Teams' in Year 11 | English and Maths Lessons | |
| focussed on English | | |
| and Maths | | |
| intervention | | |
| Timetable | EEF research indicates that this intervention is value for | 2, 5 |
| additional after- | money; having good impact for a very low cost. Our analysis of | <i>-, -</i> |
| College small- | student attendance shows that small group sessions are very | |
| group LASER | well attended. Student voice tell us that students value small | |
| tuition sessions for | | |
| | group intervention sessions. | |
| students, which | | |
| are focussed on | | |
| addressing gaps in | | |
| knowledge. | | |

| Schedule 3 programmes of small-group holiday tuition sessions for students, focussed on addressing gaps in knowledge. | Students and parents tell us that they appreciate and value holiday tuition. The examination data shows that students that attend these sessions have significantly higher Attainment 8 scores | 2, 5 |
|--|---|------------------|
| Provide a range of high-quality online resources and physical textbooks for KS4 students to support Collegedirected self-study, and preparation for external examinations. | Student and parent questionnaires tell us that using a common bank of online and physical resources supports the planning and quality of independent study and is good preparation for external examinations. Teachers are able to set revision tasks more effectively and track accurately the level and quality of student self-study. | 1, 2, 5 |
| Deploy teaching assistants to specific students and deliver intervention. | This ensures that students are supported with their learning, organisation and behaviour. EEF research suggests that LSA support can have moderate impact 0.4 months. https://educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk/education-evidence/teaching-learning-toolkit/teaching-assistant-interventions | 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 |
| Teaching staff CPD in using progress data software | Our internal analyses show that teachers highly skilled in identifying under performance can intervene more effectively to improve progress | 2,5 |
| Additional core subject teachers allocated to teaching lessons in Sarah Cowley Centre | EEF findings show that tuition targeted at specific needs and knowledge gaps can be an effective method to support low attaining pupils or those falling behind: One to one tuition EEF (educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk) | 1, 2, 3, 4 |
| Allocate teaching staff to additional small group tuition & intervention in core subjects in Year 7-11 | EEF Findings and our own internal data show that small group tuition has a moderate impact on pupils' learning and can be an effective tool to address key knowledge gaps: Small group tuition EEF (educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk) | 1, 2, 3, 4 |
| Implement a 'Cowley Comprehends' intervention strategies and deliver intervention. | EEF Findings and our own internal data show that small group tuition has a moderate impact on pupils' learning and can be an effective tool to address key knowledge gaps: Small group tuition EEF (educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk) | 1, 2, 5 |

Wider strategies

Budgeted cost: £240,834

| Budgeted cost: £240,834 | | |
|--|--|-------------------------------------|
| Activity | Evidence that supports this approach | Challenge number(s) addressed |
| Purchase subscription to Class Charts and an integrated SEND portal to increase and improve communications and relations with families | Students and parents tell us that they value regular communication about their child's achievements in lessons. 95% of parents/carers, and 85% of students access Class Charts to check progress. | 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 |
| Purchase stocks of rewards that students can claim when they achieve conduct points | Student voice tells us that students like to earn conduct points and work towards a goal so they can then purchase an item or event on the Rewards store. | 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 |
| Employ Family Liaison Officers | Based on our experiences we have identified a need for a lead member of the pastoral support team to be the main point of contact for students who are persistently or severely absent. where absence becomes severe or persistent the FLO can identify targeted support, both internal and external, to remove barriers for attendance to college. Summary table of responsibilities for school attendance (publishing.service.gov.uk) | 3,4,6 |
| Secure the services of a Safer Schools Officer 0.6 to support help for young people to deal with situations that may put them at risk of becoming victims of crime, bullying or intimidation, and to provide support to those who do | Our observations indicate that the early identification and intervention by the Safer Schools Officer have been a key preventative measure for a number of young people. | 3, 4, 6 |
| Employ additional clerical support for the pastoral team, to enable the staff to spend more of their time supporting students in College, with early intervention | Our observations show that the pastoral team build fantastic relationships with students that need their support, and additional clerical support will enable the team to spend less of their time on administrative tasks, and more time helping students. | 4, 6 |
| Invest in the Sarah Cowley Centre employing additional staff and Leadership, to support students who are accessing the Sarah Cowley Centre, the Cowley Reintegration Centre and Alternative Provision. | An increased number of students require social, emotional and behavioural support. A larger team in the Sarah Cowley Centre with additional Senior Leadership will support these students to improve attendance, punctuality and engagement with the curriculum. The Sarah Cowley Centre received an increase of 25% more referrals in 2022/23 than in 2018/19. | 3, 4, 5, 6 |
| Integrate time-budgeted behaviour management, support and intervention with a range and menu of support for teaching and support staff | Our analysis of interventions shows that personalised interventions from students' own teachers have the most positive impact on improving a student's engagement in learning. | 3, 4, 6 |

| Provide breakfast clubs with meal provision | Our observations show that some students benefit from a free meal at the beginning of the College Day | 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 |
|--|--|------------------|
| Provide homework club after College | There is an increase in the number of disadvantaged students who are struggling to return to self-study. | 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 |
| Provide ADHD therapeutic intervention to DA pupils (71% of current cohort) and parents. | In 2021/22 the therapist worked with 15 families who all engaged well and found the course beneficial. Our internal data shows that poor behaviour referrals have reduced for the group of students working with the foundation. | 4 |
| Provide and purchase various miscellaneous items to remove barriers for disadvantaged students | Each year there are a number, and range of unanticipated barriers for disadvantaged students. | 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 |
| Allocate Y13 mentors to each KS3 Teams | Our evidence shows that Y13 students used as mentors and guides can be an aspirational figure for some disadvantaged students | 2, 3, 4, 5 |
| Purchase subscription to attendance tracker in FFT Aspire | Research shows that detailed analysis of trends allows more precise and targeted intervention to improve student attendance. | 1, 2, 3 |
| Deliver all staff CPD on CPI institute principles and deescalation strategies | To support the reduction in internal and external exclusions. This CPD will allow staff to be upskilled in de-escalating situations within lessons and around the college. | 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 |
| Purchase PASS software from GL Assessments | Internal evidence shows that the analysis pupil attitudinal survey data enables more targeted and earlier intervention with students whose attitudes make them at risk of suspension or becoming persistently or severely absent | 3, 4, 5 |
| Bring in external agencies Mersey Forest, LFC Foundation, St Helens community foundation, YJS to work with specific students | Early intervention to support targeted students in wider community issues. | 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 |

Total budgeted cost: £625,622

Part B: Review of outcomes in the previous academic year

Pupil premium strategy outcomes

This details the impact that our pupil premium activity had on pupils in the 2022 to 2023

| Intended outcome | Success criteria | Outcomes |
|--|---|--|
| Improve attainment and progress of disadvantaged students across the curriculum at the end of KS4 with an increase in disadvantaged students entering the English Baccalaureate. | By the end of our current plan in 2024/25, 35% or more of disadvantaged students enter the English Baccalaureate (EBacc). 2024/25 KS4 outcomes demonstrate that disadvantaged students achieve: • an average Attainment 8 score of 45 • an EBacc average point score of 3.5 | In 22/23 27% of DA students entered the EBACC In 22/23 average A8 was 31.3 and EBACC average point score was 2.6 |
| Improve reading and comprehension of disadvantaged students | By the end of the current plan, the percentage of disadvantaged students reading below their chronological age should be below the national average 25% for all students. | In 22/23 40% of DA students are reading below their chronological age |
| Improve attendance for all, particularly disadvantaged students | By the end of the current plan, we aim for sustained high attendance to be demonstrated by: • improving the attendance of disadvantaged students generally to 90% • reducing the proportion of disadvantaged students persistently absent to 25% • reducing the proportion of disadvantaged students severely absent to 7% | In 22/23 attendance of DA students was 84.3% In 22/23 the proportion of DA students who were PA was 38% In 22/23 the proportion of DA who were SA was 8% |
| Improve self-regulation of disadvantaged students | We expect to see disadvantaged stu- dents return to strong routines and evidence to suggest they are making good self-regulation of choices by a reduction in C5 sanctions for defiance | Due to changing the systems of C5 referral mid-year, accurate comparison is difficult. There were fewer referrals to the Sarah Cowley Centre for defiance. |
| Increase in participation rates of disadvantaged students in a wide range of extracurricular and enrichment activities. | In year 1 we expect to increase the percentage of disadvantaged students participating in at least 1 enrichment activity to 70%, rising to 75% in 2024/25. | Year 1 target met |